

EXPLORING THE EMPLOYMENT ETHICS IN WORKING PLACE AND PROFESSIONALISM AT WORK: AN ISLAMIC PERSPECTIVE

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Abstract

This paper seeks to conceptualize professional behavior as well as competence through an Islamic perspective, connecting religious ideas with use in today's workplace. The study explores Islamic sources, namely the Quran as well as Hadith, to define the fundamental principles that comprise the Islamic Working Ethics (IWE). The research identifies arduous labor, truthfulness, responsibility, as well as civic duty as the fundamental aspects that comprise the Islamic principle of work. Key Islamic principles like Ihsan (having greatest that one may be), the Amanah (honor as well as integrity), as well as Adl (equity) are stressed as the basis for generating an exceptional value for workers. Although these ideals are primarily spiritual in nature, they also give practical advice that may help improve corporate performance and morality. This article contrasts the Islamic perspective on labor with that of secularism and European ethical standards for work. It is accomplished by highlighting either the similarities or the numerous differences that exist between the two. Professions that accord with Sharia (Islamic law) achieve good behavior along with wellness for people as well as society from perspectives of Islamic view. The study provides a detailed overview regarding the way managerial and leadership skills are implemented inside an Islamic system, arguing for an awareness of how religious concepts and career skills are employed concurrently. This work investigates the implications for IWE for modern enterprises, as well as techniques for incorporating Islamic ethics within managerial structures, personnel regulations, including responsibility for society within manufacturing. Finally, a paradigm for competence within the Islamic framework is offered, which merges particular social aims with someone's job desires. As a result, there is a morally equitable and fair atmosphere at work. This comprehensive study aims to contribute to the discussion on ethical workplace behavior and so illuminate alike Muslim as well as people of other faiths employees who want to incorporate Islamic principles of ethics within the way they work.

Keywords: Professional conduct, competence, Islamic principles, broader objectives, and working climate

INTRODUCTION

Professionalism and competence constitute two important notions that impact people's behavior and performance within their jobs. Working ethic involves more than simply being prompt, conscientious, as well as effective when at work, additionally demonstrating devotion and enthusiasm towards the task and treating the task with ethics. The person includes the top characteristics like dependability, responsibility, and ethical devotion. Individual accomplishment and organizational effectiveness undoubtedly demand equal competence as well as work morals in today's extremely competitive constantly evolving working environment (Ali, 2010; Beekun, 1997). The aforementioned values guarantee a performance not only meets, but exceeds the

requirements of the manager. This fosters a culture in which individuals not only adhere and obey, but also take actions that can potentially be defined as excellent work.

According to Islam, the notion of labor has major religious and interpersonal, or common, consequences for the existence of humans. Islamic Quran and Sunnah emphasize the worth of labor and the importance of an employee efforts being to the best possible standard. Islamic preaching advocates oneness of existence, which includes working whilst worshipping, dividing obligation to family, and helping the society (Ali, 2005). Ihsan as well as efficiency in finishing a job are the major principles within the Islamic ethic of work, and they are explained by urging Muslims to accomplish their roles truly, to the highest standard of their ability, with completeness as well as completeness. Furthermore, devotion to Islamic moral principles such as Amanah, the (credibility) and Adl (fairness) serve as the internal barometer of Muslim specialists, distinctive as well as immovable as the star of north, guiding every aspect of business transactions with justice and responsibility (Abeng, 1997). Considered a result, within Islam, employment serves as an expression of existence, a method of devotion, as an instrument by that individuals contribute for the betterment of the entire globe. This study focuses on the integration of Islamic ideals towards workplace ethics, as well as on the function of Muslim workers within practice. The essence of the inquiry is hidden behind Islam's fundamental scriptures, the Quran as well as Hadith.

As a result, it seeks to unearth, rather than just find, the essential principles as well as beliefs that serve as a basis of each Muslim's workplace behavior. The investigation of concepts such as at Ihsan (extreme care), Amanah (assurance), and Adl (right), that constitute the foundation of Muslim professional conduct, is one among the main themes the fact that shall guide to this study. Furthermore, the research intends to demonstrate these behaviors in opposition to the structure that emerges within secular as well as occidental ethical codes of conduct, as a way to presenting the distinctive Islamic viewpoint. The study merely speculates on philosophical explanations, additionally provides real instances in which these dominant Islamic ideas might be implemented using contemporary organizational techniques. This may be accomplished by examining ways Islamic principles of ethics might be integrated into the governance of businesses, management of human resources, corporate citizenship, and additional areas. The current study hence indicates the framework rooted in the professionalism for Islam in order to establish an organizational framework which can concurrently meet the people's search career ambitions while also aligning these purposes with the desires of humanity for an ethical and peaceful atmosphere at work. This investigation is relevant to both Muslim as well as people of other faiths' workers who want to incorporate current moral principles and Islamic moral principles within their jobs, therefore boosting organizational authenticity and inclusion.

ISLAMIC ELEMENTS ABOUT WORK ETHICS ALONG WITH PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

Furthermore, the Quran, it is regarded as the sacred text for Islam, constantly emphasizes the significance of labor, along with perseverance and right fulfillment, in several passages, implying that such moral characteristics constitute a vital component of the lives of Muslims. Another notable passage is found in Chapter At-Tawbah (9: [al-Isra 105]): "As well as declare in order to [as thou please] since Allah loves to observe your acts of kindness as well as so do the Prophet as well as the faithful." Therefore, you please shall be restored by the Hider who was invisible along with apparent, as He informs you about the things you had been performing previously. The aforementioned verse emphasizes the necessity to be attentive and truthful in what one does, as it

is being watched by Allah and adds to one's final responsibility. Another significant passage originates from Chapter Al-Mulk (67: "As Well As He understands how you have no control against yourselves; that it's subsequently HE enables the planet to become calm to you – stroll amongst mountain ranges as well as partake of what He provides – along with it is because of His name that you are being restored (nearly)." "This highlights the importance of continuity as well as effort while using such services. The same phrases are utilized throughout these tackles to emphasize matters like constant effort, concentrating on oneself and aiming for the greatest accomplishments are an individual's spiritual growth and their sole means they can accomplish their purpose on the planet. Together with the holy Quran, the Sunni teachings by Prophet Muhammad (PBUH), providing demonstration by his conduct as well as tasks, provides the Islamic approach towards professional living as well as guidelines for how to handle workplace issues. According to Abu Hurairah, "No person has ever consumed anything that is greater to that derives through one's labor using only one's fingers". It entails placing a premium on hard work along with living independently, both of being excellent ideals. Yet another Sunnah emphasizes the need of honesty in corporate interactions: "A purified as well as loyal man will join with the fellowship among the Prophets, those who are pure, as well as the martyred" (Tirmidhi).

This demonstrates, consequently, that commercial relations as well as honesty are very honorable throughout Islam. Furthermore, the prophet Muhammad stated: "So Allah desires when any of those who live performs an activity, (it) be completed correctly" (Al-Bayhaqi). It inspires Muslims to strive towards excellence (Ihsan) throughout their lives by being completely faithful to their faith convictions. Together, the Islamic teachings train Muslim practitioners in the observance of societal norms, which are characterized by dedication, honesty, and outstanding performance, ensuring efficiency in the workplace as well as ethical footing. Fiqh, meaning Islamic jurisprudence, has become an important instrument to offer guidance regarding both religious as well as occupations by offering an extensive structure which is considered required in every aspect regarding a Muslim. Fiqh is based upon the Quran, prayers, consensus (the Ijma), as well as logical inference (Qiyas), resulting from an extensive as well as intricate governing structure, the latter aspect whose components regulates ethical behavior in many disciplines. According to Kamali (1991), Fiqh, on the opposite conjunction, refers to the concepts of ethical commerce, rights for workers, and partnerships. It fosters equality and fairness, while providing the same possibilities to all. It blurs the different equivalents of equality, particularly equity, by celebrating situations in which one displays honest without engaging in one or more of the negative activities, such as deception, abuse, or extortion.

In a similar vein Muslims that adhere to these principles are better positioned to practice proper competence while expressing religious values. The integration of Fiqh into work life additionally increases individual responsibility, but it also assists in Report Phrase the development of social awareness among individuals, leading to a degree of balance across society in its entirety. As a result, the doctrine of law within Islam provides an ideal way for developing abundance a moral labor ethics wholly not only psychologically beneficial, yet also fulfils societal duties.

FUNDAMENTAL ISLAMIC VALUES THAT SHAPE ETHICS AT WORK ALONG WITH PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT

The notion for Tawhid (the Unity for Allah), that is the centre of Islamic religion, serves as a framework for a Muslim's every day existence, including labor. Tawhid signifies believing Allah

represents the supreme God, as well as the concept of 'not divinity yet Allah' establishes the foundation for a Muslim's perspective towards employment as well as relationships with employers. This perspective instills a feeling of meaning along with dedication within people enabling you to operate using an elevated sense on accountability and honesty. Allah remains ubiquitous; this suggests He's cognizant of every deed. So, as a result, Muslims have to exalt Allah through remaining ethically pure, eschewing dishonest practices, as well as striving for perfection throughout their occupational endeavors (Nasr, 2002).

IKhlas, often known as truthfulness, is a further essential aspect for Islamic ethical conduct at work, complementing its highly valued competence. It comprises solely worshipping Allah, having no expectation of receiving recompenses as well as recognition. Being part of professional behavior, Ikhlas ensures that employees are upfront and truthful within their position. Thoroughly performed acts are regarded as being among the best because they offer greatest happiness, resulting in trustworthy as well as valued professional connections. It is a single attribute that signifies activities are carried out using honesty along with an ambition to meet standards of conduct and profession (Schimmel, 1975). Fairness (Adl) along with truthfulness (Amanah) constitutes two ethical values the fact that ought to be integrated into Islamic enterprise. Adl emphasized fairness as well as equitable play for people of all kinds, demonstrating which both people and companies ought to accommodate other people respectfully to prevent injustice. The notion of equality outlines a condition whereby everyone's workers are treated equally and a streamlined system of compensation as well as organization procedures is implemented. These constitute the main parts for ethics that bring every Islamic business to comparable standards through requiring individuals to act equitable and forthright in dealings with one another (Ahmad 1995).

In addition to all of these and additional Shams as well as al-Bitar ideals, the notions of perfection as well as Ihsan (divine benefits) include daunting. Ihsan encourages Muslims providing all that they have, not merely to obey the regulations correctly, yet to excel in anything they do in order to reach the maximum quality. This notion is expressed in the Prophet Muhammad's stating: "Allah loved whatever an individual did because she or he deserved done [it] in an extremely good level" (Al-Bayhaqi). Benefits of Barakah reflect divine favors bestowed upon individuals who pleasure by doing acts of kindness and are regarded favorable omens. If one works energetically, honorably, along with keeping with Islamic ideas, they believe getting graced by Barakah, or a beneficial divine effect, results in spiritually including psychological health of people as well as groups (Esposito, 2003).

APPLICATIONS FOR USE WITHIN THE WORKING ENVIRONMENT

The concepts of solidarity, truthfulness, equity, confidence, authenticity, as well as power are essentially everyday life moral principles that give one like me an incentive of aiming to greatness while also creating a climate of accountability and ethics within the working environment. In action, such principles are utilized to lay the groundwork for values that inform a Muslim's commercial operations, communication methods with coworkers, and general morality at work.

Fairness and Morality

Trust means truth embodied, utilized, as well as applied. A working ethic is a dedication to honesty in every interaction as well as to avoid deceiving or becoming deceptive. It also includes fulfilling pledges as well as following through on agreements. For instance, businesses ought to provide explicit item specifications to clients, and buyers must be totally informed with the items they

purchase, with no hidden defects or deceptive promises. As such, the entire religion of Islam aims to serve good morality. The Prophet (SAW) said, 'I have been sent only for the purpose of perfecting good morals' (Bhat and Nabi 2024, 76).

The management of time with Effectiveness

The growth of Ihsan, an idea of aiming towards perfection, has served as an important part of Muslims' faith formation in their quest to be profitable and effective at employment. Managing your time is essential for preventing ignoring one's obligations by spending time recklessly. In another manner, time equals money. In truth, this realization necessitates continuous dedication to the job list, sticking to schedules, as well as staying open to new ideas to improve work efficiency and productivity.

Service to customers

Barakah (heavenly favors) are made attainable by delivering outstanding client service operations. Organizations that practice empathy, patience, as well as honesty fulfill both their responsibility to society and their right to establish rapport to prospective customers, resulting in the building of trust.

Islamic Perspectives on Management along with Employment Relations

Servant leadership constitutes one among the most important Islamic leadership principles. In this model, a manager is viewed as a career inside his or her staff, with how well and how far of their staff (the team) being of paramount concern. The technique is built around the foundations of Adl (fairness) as well as Amanah (trustworthiness). Effective managers are defined as being fair, caring, and sensitive. They build settings that provide a welcoming for all employees plus a working environment that is enjoyable when affiliated with. Worker interactions grow as a result of reciprocal respect, confidence, as well as communal feelings that thrive in a peaceful and successful workplace. As a result, hard effort is exemplified by a sense of integrity, effectiveness, outstanding client service, and moral leadership. As a result, Muslim workers may influence their workplace in a way that is both productive and ethical, ideally benefiting individuals as well as companies. It is also reality that human always need others for the purpose of attainment of their desired needs (Kunarti, et al. 2024).

DIFFICULTIES ABOUT IMPLEMENTING ISLAMIC PRACTICE ETHICS

The implementation of the Islamic ethic of work within contemporary organizations involves several problems. Another issue most expected to occur is the multifaceted nature of contemporary places of employment, that are designed to welcome employees whose backgrounds encompass everything from ethnic to conventional beliefs. The disparity amongst employees might lead to misperception or disagreement as a result of people who are unfamiliar with one another having different viewpoints and impressions. In fact, inter-communal involvement can happen, which requires cultivated cooperation as well as periodic foundational principles to avoid disputes about arising. According to Ali and Al-Owaihan (2008), another difficulty encountered is a disagreement of judgment in conformity using worldly commercial practices which contradict Islamic instructions. For example, Islamic banking is the solution to traditional bank's dependence upon interest (riba), and this in return prohibits profiteering. It can lead to major issues for Muslim individuals working in commercial entities that utilize conventional monetary structures. Furthermore, the tremendous competitiveness in the modern marketplace might lead to wrongdoing by means of deception or unfair discrimination, but the Islamic value of truthfulness refers to equal treatment and equity.

DIFFICULTIES AS WELL AS PRESENT-DAY PROBLEMS AND CURRENT ISSUES: OCCUPATIONAL CONFLICTS, PREJUDICE, & GLOBALISATION

Workplace disputes as well as prejudice are well-known challenges in today's world, which violate our understanding of Islamic ethical behavior at work. Muslims may be more vulnerable to prejudice, bigotry, and stereotyping based on their faith, principles, rituals, and cuisine. Extreme workplace prejudice may frequently create an adverse atmosphere in which individuals are angry, reducing the quantity of job they do. In addition to this, but globalization raises additional difficulties like as personnel control and oversight in diverse locations. In a similar vein challenge with worldwide enterprises may require operating in locations wherein Islamic conceptions have been ignored or neglected, thus in these instances, compliance towards the Islamic principles mandated may be jeopardized (Syed & Pio, 2010).

ISLAMIC PRINCIPLES OFFERING SOLUTIONS AS WELL AS RECOMMENDATIONS

Islamic teachings may offer real solutions and advice in resolving such problems instead of removing them. Regarding the case of labor conflicts, the Shura theory, that reflects worker agreement and transparency, is used to facilitate amicable communication. Organizations can assist to resolve complaints and conflicts with greater efficiency by developing policies that encourage the participation of diverse making choices groups. The notion of Adl (justice) also seeks fairness for everyone who works; thus, it is deemed critical to make sure there are no discriminatory policies and that all laborers receive equitable advantages. The study of Islamic ethics may assist large corporations in implementing fair labor practices as well as moral and professional company policies within the context of globalization. For instance, the notion of Amanah (accountability) aids in the organization of ethical business operations, in which enterprises follow ethical standards regardless of common restrictions. In addition, by incorporating Islamic finance rules into company operations, such as the sharing of profits as well as sharing of risks, the field of morality is offered with appropriate substitutes to conventional monetary procedures, which align with the desired outcomes and principles on Islamic finance. Implementing these principles as company policy and accepted practice will result in a moral, accessible, courteous, and, finally, viable work atmosphere that ensures the safety of employees with diverse faith traditions as well as beliefs.

CONCLUSION

By the results of this study, researchers have demonstrated the strong effect of Islamic teachings on developing high standards of professionalism and integrity amongst every member for society. The main principles for Islam, such as Tawhid (heavenly unity), Ikhlas (genuineness), Adl (fairness), Amanah (credibility), Ihsan (superiority), as well as Barakah (heavenly blessings), all guide Muslims to conduct what they do with ethics, urgency, and an awareness of a higher purpose. These ideals emphasis behavioral ethics, promote high functional standards, and create a comfortable atmosphere by exercising justice. Islamic jurisprudence (Islamic law) provides a comprehensive framework of management of processes, within which customs including trade establish moral norms and morals. Modern Islamic strategy for achieving one's objectives within the globalised world has particular appeal for a variety of factors. Truthfulness, justice, and responsibility might be included into Islamic work principles, thereby improving confidence as well as effectiveness inside organizations. The concept that matters most is fairness and justice; it

constitutes one from the primary factors that contribute to a development of better places to work in which members of such a community are valued as well as appreciated. Furthermore, as workers acquire competence along with honesty within fulfilling the duties they have, it can lead to increased satisfaction with work and efficiency over years to come. Islamic values provide an authoritative basis for ethics for professionals to make sound professional decisions in today's diverse and globalised corporate environment. The prospective educational success may include examining the consequences about the Islamic approach regarding employment across the environment along with other industries, as well as investigating alternative integration techniques in diverse cultures as well as organizations. Examining the occupations of Muslim specialists within secular workplaces will surely provide genuine information on possibilities and problems of confirming a strict Islamic moral framework in various circumstances. Finally, acceptance as well as execution of Islamic values in job settings can assist to strengthen the ethical, overall peace, as well as profitability of the worldwide financial community.

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